R. T. M. NAGPUR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION ; KAMLA NEHRU MAHAVIDYALAYA, NAGPUR; Department of Physics; Class- B.Sc. SEM IV; Subject-Physics: Paper-I sample paper

*Required

- 1. Email *
- Phone Number on which you can be contacted and which is preferably an * Android Smart Phone.

3. Name of Student (First, Middle, Surname in CAPITAL) *

BSc Sem IV PHYSICS Papers-I

All Questions Are Compulsory

4. 1. How many unit cells are divided equally in a face-centred cubic 2 points lattice?

Mark only one oval.

(A)4
(B)6
(C)8
(D) 2
Option 5

5. 2. A crystalline solid

Mark only one oval.

- (A) changes abruptly from solid to liquid when heated
- (B)has no definite melting point
- (C) undergoes deformation of its geometry easily
- (D)has irregular 3-dimensional arrangements.
- 6. 3.What is the possible number of different types of 3 dimensional 2 points bravaies lattices

Mark only one oval.

- (A) 4 (B) 8
- (C) 14
- (D) 17

4. In a simple cubic, body-centred cubic and face-centred cubic
 2 points
 structure, the ratio of the number of atoms present is respectively

Mark only one oval.

- (A) 8:1:6 (B) 1:2:4 (C) 4:2:1
- (D) 4:2:3
- 8. 5.Which of the following is a crystalline solid?

Mark only one oval.

- (A) Isotropic substances
- (B) Anisotropic substances
- (C) Supercooled liquids
- (D) Amorphous solids
- 9. 6. When do ionic compounds conduct electricity?

Mark only one oval.

- (A) When dissolved in water
- (B) In solid state
- (C) In gaseous state
- (D) They never conduct

2 points

10. 7. For the orthorhombic system, axial ratios are a \neq b \neq c and the axial 2 points angles are:

Mark only one oval.

(A) $\alpha = \beta = \gamma \neq 90$ degree

- (B) $\alpha \neq \beta \neq \gamma \neq 90$ degree
- (C) $\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90$ degree
- (D) $\alpha \neq \beta \neq \gamma = 90$ degree
- 11. 8. The three dimensional graph of lattice points which sets the pattern 2 points for the whole lattice is called

Mark only one oval.

- (A) Space lattice
- (B) Simple lattice
- (C) Crystal lattice
- (D) Unit cell
- 12. 9. If the pressure on a NaCl structure is increased, then its 2 points coordination number will

Mark only one oval.

(A) Increase

- (B) Decrease
- (C) Either (A) or (B)

(D) Remain the same

13.	10. Coordination number for crystal is	2 points
	Mark only one oval.	
	 (A) nearest neighboring to each atom in crystal (B) opposite atom to each atom in crystal (C) diagonal atom to each atom in crystal (D) nearest neighboring to each atom in crystal 	
14.	11. Coordination number for S.C.C. crystal is	2 points
	Mark only one oval.	
	 (A) 12 (B) 6 (C) 8 	

15. 12. Packing fraction of the crystal is

Mark only one oval.

) (D) 2

(A) Ratio of actual volume occupied by the spherical atoms to the total available of the structure

(B) Ratio of actual area occupied by the spherical atoms to the total available of the structure

(C) Ratio of actual density occupied by the spherical atoms to the total available of the structure

(D)None of these

- 16. 13. X rays are basically are 2 points Mark only one oval. (A) Fast moving electrons (B) Fast moving positrons (C) Fast moving neutrons (D) Fast moving protons 17. 14. X rays travel with speed of 2 points Mark only one oval. (A) sound (B) light (C) both (D) None of these
 - 18. 15. X rays ionize the

Mark only one oval.

(A) solid

🔵 (B) liquid

(C) Fluid

(D) Gas

19. 16. Duane Hunt law is

Mark only one oval.

(A) voltage applied to an X-ray tube directly proportional the maximum frequency v of the X rays emitted from the target.

(B)voltage applied to an X-ray tube directly proportional the minimum frequency v of the X rays emitted from the target.

(C)voltage applied to an X-ray tube directly proportional the maximum wavelength of the X rays emitted from the target.

(D)none of these

20. 17. Moseley's Law for characteristic X-rays is

Mark only one oval.

 $(A) \sqrt{v} = a(Z-b)$

(B) √v = aZ

____ (C) √v = aZZ

(D)None of these

21. 18. X rays with short wavelength are

Mark only one oval.

(A) Soft x rays

(B) Hard x rays

(C) above both

(D) None of these

2 points

2 points

22. 19. Which rays are used for crystal structure analysis 2 points Mark only one oval. (A) X rays (B) visible rays (C) UV rays (D) None of these 23. 20. Bragg law condition is 2 points Mark only one oval. (A) $2dsin\theta = n\lambda$ (B) $dsin\theta = n\lambda$ (C) $3dsin\theta = n\lambda$ (D) $4dsin\theta = n\lambda$ 24. 21.X-rays are generated by 2 points Mark only one oval. (A) Geiger tube (B) Goniometer (C) Coolidge tube (D) Rotameter 25. 22. Collimators used in XRD are made up of 2 points Mark only one oval.

- (A) Thin quartz tube
- (B) Thin glass plates
- (C) Thin metal plates
- (D) All of the above

26. 23.Which of the following spectral line is more intense?

2 points

Mark only one oval.

- (A) K∝
- (Β)Κβ
- (С) Кү
- (D)K∂
- 27. 24.The X-rays emitted from an atom when an electron is removed 2 points from K- shell are

Mark only one oval.

- (A) K-lines
- (B) L-lines
- (C) M-lines
- (D) N-lines
- 28. 25.In X-ray powder camera technique, the detector used is 2 points

Mark only one oval.

(A) PMT

- (B) Photographic film
- (C) Bolometer
- (D) Thermistor

6/5/22, 8:02 PM

29. 26. One of the widely used target material for generation of X-ray ^{2 points} spectral line is

Mark only one oval.

(A) Zinc

(B) Molybdenum

(C) Xenon

🔵 (D) Manganese

30. 27. The X-ray diffraction is based upon

Mark only one oval.

(A) Illkovic equation

(B) Bragg's equation

(C) Boltzmann equation

(D) Van deemter equationOption 1

31. 28.Which of the following techniques can be considered as finger 2 points spectra

Mark only one oval.

(A) NMR

(B) Mass

(C) X-ray diffraction

(D) Fluorimetry

32.	29.The plot drawn in x-ray diffraction spectra is	2 points
	Mark only one oval.	
	(A) Intensity Vs angle	
	(B) Intensity vs l	
	(C) I vs Angle	
	(D) interatomic distance vs angle	
33.	30.The detector used in powder diffractometer is	2 points
	Mark only one oval.	
	(A) Photographic film	
	(B) PMT	
	(C) Goniometer	
	(D) Scintillation counter	
34.	31. Reciprocal lattice is	2 points
	Mark only one oval.	
	Mark only one oval. (A) A lattice normal to original direct lattice	
	Mark only one oval. (A) A lattice normal to original direct lattice (B) A lattice parallel to original direct lattice	
	Mark only one oval. (A) A lattice normal to original direct lattice (B) A lattice parallel to original direct lattice (C) A lattice diagonal to original direct lattice	
	Mark only one oval. (A) A lattice normal to original direct lattice (B) A lattice parallel to original direct lattice (C) A lattice diagonal to original direct lattice (D) i) A lattice orthogonal to original direct lattice	
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25	Mark only one oval. (A) A lattice normal to original direct lattice (B) A lattice parallel to original direct lattice (C) A lattice diagonal to original direct lattice (D) i) A lattice orthogonal to original direct lattice	
35.	Mark only one oval. (A) A lattice normal to original direct lattice (B) A lattice parallel to original direct lattice (C) A lattice diagonal to original direct lattice (D) i) A lattice orthogonal to original direct lattice 32. Laue method used to rapid determination of	2 points
35.	 Mark only one oval. (A) A lattice normal to original direct lattice (B) A lattice parallel to original direct lattice (C) A lattice diagonal to original direct lattice (D) i) A lattice orthogonal to original direct lattice 32. Laue method used to rapid determination of Mark only one oval.	2 points
35.	 Mark only one oval. (A) A lattice normal to original direct lattice (B) A lattice parallel to original direct lattice (C) A lattice diagonal to original direct lattice (D) i) A lattice orthogonal to original direct lattice 32. Laue method used to rapid determination of Mark only one oval. (A) Symmetry orientation of single unit cell 	2 points
35.	 Mark only one oval. (A) A lattice normal to original direct lattice (B) A lattice parallel to original direct lattice (C) A lattice diagonal to original direct lattice (D) i) A lattice orthogonal to original direct lattice 32. Laue method used to rapid determination of Mark only one oval. (A) Symmetry orientation of single unit cell (B) Symmetry orientation of single crystal 	2 points
35.	 Mark only one oval. (A) A lattice normal to original direct lattice (B) A lattice parallel to original direct lattice (C) A lattice diagonal to original direct lattice (D) i) A lattice orthogonal to original direct lattice 32. Laue method used to rapid determination of Mark only one oval. (A) Symmetry orientation of single unit cell (B) Symmetry orientation of single crystal (C) Symmetry orientation of no. of crystals 	2 points

36. 33.Which of the following is a unique property of laser?

Mark only one oval.

- (A) Directional
- (B) Speed
- (C) Coherence
- 🔵 (D) Wavelength
- 37. 34. Which of the following is an example of optical pumping? 2 points

Mark only one oval.

- (A)Ruby laser
- (B) Helium-Neon laser
- (C) Semiconductor laser
- 🔵 (D) Dye laser
- 38. 35. Which of the following can be used for the generation of laser 2 points pulse?

Mark only one oval.

- 🔵 (A) Ruby laser
- (B) Carbon dioxide laser
- (C) Helium neon laser
- 🔵 (D) Nd- YAG laser

39. 36.What is the need to achieve population inversion?

2 points

2 points

Mark only one oval.

- (A) To excite most of the atoms
- (B) To bring most of the atoms to ground state
- (C) To achieve stable condition
 - D) To reduce the time of production of laser

40.	37.DVD uses the laser.	2 points
	Mark only one oval.	
	 (A) True (B) False (C) both above (D) None of these 	
41.	38.Which of the following is used in atomic clocks?	2 points
	Mark only one oval.	
	 (A)Laser (B) Quartz (C) Maser (D) Helium 	
42.	39. Which of the following is an example of optical pumping?	2 points
	 (A) Ruby laser (B) Helium-Neon laser (C) Semiconductor laser (D) Dye laser 	
43.	 40. Directionality property of laser can be used in Mark only one oval. (A) surveying (B) remote sensing (C) lidar 	2 points

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